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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/632,074	08/01/2003	Christopher A. Williston	AFD 626T	2216
26902	7590 12/29/2004		EXAM	INER
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE AFMC LO/JAZ			CHUKWURAH,	NATHANIEL C
2240 B ST., RM. 100			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB, OH 45433-7109			3721	

DATE MAILED: 12/29/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/632,074	WILLISTON, CHRISTOPHER A.		
	omos Addon dammary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	The MAIL INC DATE of this communication	Nathaniel C. Chukwurah	3721		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	n appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address		
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicatic period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a replon. a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (beriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH statute, cause the application to become ABAN	ly be timely filed 30) days will be considered timely. IS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status			•		
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	13 July 2004.			
	·	This action is non-final.			
3)					
<i>′</i> —	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disnositi	on of Claims				
4)⊠ 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>4-8 and 11-13</u> is/are pending in the day of the above claim(s) is/are with Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>4-8 and 11-13</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction as	ndrawn from consideration.			
Applicati	on Papers		,		
9)[The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.			
10)🛛	The drawing(s) filed on <u>01 August 2003</u> is	/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ obje	cted to by the Examiner.		
	Applicant may not request that any objection to	o the drawing(s) be held in abeyance	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
_	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co		•		
11)[The oath or declaration is objected to by the	ne Examiner. Note the attached (Office Action or form PTO-152.		
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119				
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Beauty and administration.	ments have been received. ments have been received in App priority documents have been re ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	olication No eceived in this National Stage		
* S	See the attached detailed Office action for	a list of the certified copies not re	ceivea.		
Attachmen	t(s)				
1) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		mmary (PTO-413)		
3) 🔲 Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S r No(s)/Mail Date	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Mail Date rmal Patent Application (PTO-152) .		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Richardson (US 2,682,414) in view of Blackburn (US 846,389).

With regard to claim 4, Richardson discloses a coupler capable of use for driving a tent stake comprising: an axially elongated body (10) having a first closed end (upper end) and a second open end (lower end); a pair of slots (24, 26) adjacent the open end and substantially orthogonal to the body elongated axis; a of retractable keepers (30) slidable received within the slots; a release lever (32) having a distal end and pivotably attached to the keeper; a spring (46) retained between the body and the lever, for urging the release lever into closed position.

Richardson lacks a pair of retractable keepers, a pair of levers and a pair of springs.

Blackburn teaches a pair of retractable keepers and a pair of springs.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to provide Richardson with a pair of retractable keepers, a pair of levers and a pair of springs in order to engage and hold object better.

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Richardson lacks a planar keeper. However, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention as a matter of design choice to provide Richardson with planar keepers, which would have worked the same way as non-planar keepers.

With regard to claim 5, Richardson shows a threaded portion (18) for attachment to a tool.

Claims 6, 7, 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Richardson (US 2,682,414) in view of Blackburn (US 846,389) and further in view of Hultquist (1,969,798).

With regard to claim 6, Modified Richardson lacks a keeper with notch. Richardson teaches a retractable keeper (8) having a notch (fig. 3) for receiving drill steel.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to provide modified Richardson with a keeper having notch in order to retain the tool bit.

With regard to claim 7, Richardson discloses a coupler capable of use for driving a tent stake comprising: an axially elongated body (10) having a first closed end (upper end) and a second open end (lower end); a pair of slots (24, 26) adjacent the open end and substantially orthogonal to the body elongated axis; a of retractable keepers (30) slidable received within the slots; a release lever (32) having a distal end and pivotably attached to the keeper; a spring (46) retained between the body and the lever, for urging the release lever into closed position.

Richardson lacks a pair of retractable keepers, a pair of levers and a pair of springs.

Blackburn teaches a pair of retractable keepers and a pair of springs.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to provide Richardson with a pair of retractable keepers, a pair of levers and a pair of springs in order to engage and hold object better.

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Richardson lacks a planar keeper. However, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention as a matter of design choice to provide Richardson with planar keepers, which would have worked the same way as non-planar keepers.

Modified Richardson lacks a keeper with notch. Richardson teaches a retractable keeper (8) having a notch (fig. 3) for receiving drill steel.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to provide modified Richardson with a keeper having notch in order to retain the tool bit.

With regard to claim 8, Richardson shows a threaded portion (18) for attachment to a tool.

Claims 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Richardson (US 2,682,414) in view of Blackburn (US 846,389) and further in view of Hultquist and Schiff (US 2,525,316).

With regard to claim 11, Richardson discloses a coupler capable of use for driving a tent stake comprising: an axially elongated body (10) having a first closed end (upper end) and a second open end (lower end); a pair of slots (24, 26) adjacent the open end and substantially orthogonal to the body elongated axis; a of retractable keepers (30) slidable received within the slots; a release lever (32) having a distal end and pivotably attached to the keeper; a spring (46) retained between the body and the lever, for urging the release lever into closed position.

Richardson lacks a pair of retractable keepers, a pair of levers and a pair of springs.

Blackburn teaches a pair of retractable keepers and a pair of springs.

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to provide Richardson with a pair of retractable keepers, a pair of levers and a pair of springs in order to engage and hold object better.

Richardson lacks a planar keeper. However, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention as a matter of design choice to provide Richardson with planar keepers, which would have worked the same way as non-planar keepers.

Richardson lacks a hammer.

However, Schiff teaches a post driver and ejector (see figs. 1&2) having a sliding hammer (15) including a shaft (13 sleeve) having elongated portion and a distal end.

In view of the teachings of Schiff, it would have been obvious to one skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide tool of Richardson with a slide hammer in order to secure an object to the ground.

With regard to claim 12, Modified Richardson lacks a keeper with notch. Richardson teaches a retractable keeper (8) having a notch (fig. 3) for receiving drill steel.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to provide modified Richardson with a keeper having notch in order to retain the tool bit.

With regard to claim 13, Richardson discloses a coupler capable of use for driving a tent stake comprising: an axially elongated body (10) having a first closed end (upper end) and a second open end (lower end); a pair of slots (24, 26) adjacent the open end and substantially orthogonal to the body elongated axis; a of retractable keepers (30) slidable received within the slots; a release lever (32) having a distal end and pivotably attached to the keeper; a spring (46) retained between the body and the lever, for urging the release lever into closed position.

Richardson lacks a pair of retractable keepers, a pair of levers and a pair of springs.

Blackburn teaches a pair of retractable keepers and a pair of springs.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to provide Richardson with a pair of retractable keepers, a pair of levers and a pair of springs in order to engage and hold object better.

Richardson lacks a planar keeper. However, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention as a matter of design choice to provide Richardson with planar keepers, which would have worked the same way as non-planar keepers.

Richardson lacks a hammer.

However, Schiff teaches a post driver and ejector (see figs. 1&2) having a sliding hammer (15) including a shaft (13 sleeve) having elongated portion and a distal end.

In view of the teachings of Schiff, it would have been obvious to one skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide tool of Richardson with a slide hammer in order to secure an object to the ground.

Modified Richardson lacks a keeper with notch. Richardson teaches a retractable keeper (8) having a notch (fig. 3) for receiving drill steel.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to provide modified Richardson with a keeper having notch in order to retain the tool bit.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 4-8 and 11-13 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nathaniel C. Chukwurah whose telephone number is (571) 272-4457. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 6:00AM-2:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rinaldi Rada can be reached on (571) 272-4467. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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